

1. Report No. ND 98-01	2. Report Date June 2004	3. Contract No. N/A	4. Project No. NH-2-052(012)244
5. Title and Subtitle  Evaluation Of Portland Cement Concrete As A Rehabilitation Option For Overlaying An Existing Asphalt Roadway.		6. Report Type <i>Click on link to open report</i>  Work Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Construction <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Evaluation</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Final <input type="checkbox"/>	7. Project No.  8. Project No.  9. Project No.  10. Project No.
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12. Performing Organization Name and Address  NDDOT M+R <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> North Dakota DOT NDDOT OTHER* <input type="checkbox"/> Materials and Research Division NDSU <input type="checkbox"/> 300 Airport Road UND <input type="checkbox"/> Bismarck ND 58504-6005 UGPTI <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER* <input type="checkbox"/> *see supplementary notes		13. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address  North Dakota DOT Materials and Research Division 300 Airport Road Bismarck ND 58504-6005	
14. Supplementary Notes			
15. Abstract  <b><u>Purpose and Need</u></b> Whitetopping is the process of placing concrete on an existing asphalt roadway. An advantage of whitetopping is the ability to resist rutting and shoving that can cause collection of water on the roadway. Whitetopping impedes structural related distresses such as loss of support, pumping, faulting and corner breaks when constructed on a strong base. Another advantage of this process is to bridge isolated problems that would be reflected through a flexible pavement. The concept behind whitetopping is that when PCC is bonded to an underlying layer of asphalt, the two form a composite layer forcing the neutral axis in the slab downward. This would cause more of the concrete to be acting in compression rather than tension. Whitetopping has not been a rehabilitation method used by the North Dakota Department of Transportation in the past.  <b><u>Objective</u></b> The objective of this experimental feature is to determine if whitetopping is a feasible option for rehabilitation of an asphalt roadway.  <b><u>Scope</u></b>  In order to determine the effectiveness of whitetopping as possible rehabilitation technique, the North Dakota Department of Transportation (NDDOT) elected to set up a test section to collect and evaluate performance data on this type of project. The NDDOT has constructed three test sections of 5", 6", and 7" of PCC to be placed over an existing asphalt section. Each whitetopping test section was approximately 500' in length. The project is located on US Highway 52 between Pingree and Buchanan, ND. The project will be evaluated on visual distresses and ride for a period of ten-years with reports every two-years.  <b><u>Summary</u></b>  Test sections 1 and 3 are showing the most distresses. The primary distress is longitudinal cracking. Test sections 1 and 3 are adjacent to hot bituminous pavement sections. Test section 1 had a 40' longitudinal crack that appeared immediately after construction. Test section 2 is performing well with only minor distresses. The control section is performing well with minor rutting and two transverse cracks. The longitudinal cracking in test sections 1 and 3 are likely the result of poor subgrade conditions. The location of the longitudinal cracks is in the same area as the distresses shown in photo 1 prior to whitetopping the asphalt. These distresses appeared to have reflected through the whitetopping sections. The ride remains good in all sections.			
16. Key Words  Pavement Concrete Overlays Whitetopping	17. Distribution Statement No restrictions. This document is available to the public from:  North Dakota Department of Transportation Materials and Research Division: 300 Airport Road Bismarck ND 58504-6005 Office: (701) 328-6900 Fax: (701) 328-0310		18. No. of Pages 45  19. File type/Size PDF / 1.8 MB